maximising wildlife benefits by minimising threats...

Conservancy status

Benefits from natural resources in 2011
- Combined tourism benefits: NS 0 (%)
- Combined hunting benefits: NS 0 (%)
- Veld product benefits: NS 0 (%)
- Other benefits (e.g. interest): NS 0 (%)

Two of the most significant benefits for the conservancy:
- Cash income to the conservancy to cover running costs and invest in developments
- Employment benefits to conservancy residents

Conservancy income: NS

Employment benefits
- Private Sector
- Conservancy

Cost of natural resource conflicts in 2011
- Estimated human wildlife conflict cost: N$ 23,760
- Estimated poached high value species loss: NS 0
- Total conflict cost estimate: N$ 23,760

Natural resource cost–benefit ratio in 2011
- Benefit data not available at time of printing

Management performance in 2012

Types of damage by problem animals 2010-2012
- Livestock attack
- Other damage
- Crop damage
- Human attack

Wildlife status summary in 2012

Wildlife status
- Extinct
- Very rare
- Rare
- Uncommon
- Common
- Abundant

Key to the status barometer
- Weak/bad
- Reasonable
- Good

Management performance & other data

Human wildlife conflict trend
- The chart shows the total number of incidents each year, subdivided by species, grouped as herbivores and predators
- Hyena
- Lion
- Elephant
- Hippo
- Pigs/Porcupine
- Antelope/Baboon

Type of damage by problem animals 2010-2012
- The chart shows the number of incidents per category for the last 3 years
- The darkest bar (on the right) indicates the current year for each type

Human wildlife conflict
- Estimated poached high value species loss: N$ 0
- Estimated human wildlife conflict cost: N$ 23,760

Arrests and convictions
- Number of incidents per category
- Number of incidents per year

Wildlife removals – quota use and value
- Species
- Quota 2012
- Potential other use value NS

Potential value estimates (NS) for quotas are based on:
- Potential trophy value: the average national trophy value of each trophy species multiplied by the quota number
- Potential other use value: the average national meat value of each common species multiplied by the quota number

Conservancies reduce environmental costs while increasing environmental benefits. Benefits from wildlife can far outweigh human wildlife conflict costs.
Wildlife provides a wide range of benefits. Some wildlife can cause conflicts, but all wildlife is of value to tourism, trophy hunting and a healthy environment.

By using all the available information and adapting and improving activities, threats such as human wildlife conflict, poaching and other issues can be minimised.