maximising wildlife returns by minimising threats...

**Conservancy status summary**

**Returns from natural resources in 2016**
The chart shows the main sources of returns and values and their percentage of the total returns.

- Estimated poached high value species loss: N$ 4,850
- Estimated poached high value species loss: N$ 0
- N$ 520,300 (100%)

**Natural resource cost-return ratio in 2016**
The chart shows the approximate ratio of returns to costs.

**Cost of natural resource conflicts in 2016**
Estimates are based on average national values.

- Cost of natural resource conflicts in 2016: N$ 37,340
- Total conflict cost estimate: N$ 37,340

**Management performance in 2016**

- 1 Adequate staffing: 0.76
- 2 Adequate expenditure: 2.28
- 3 Audit attendance: 1.52
- 4 NR management plan: 2.28
- 5 Zonation: 0.76
- 6 Leadership: 2.28
- 7 Display of material: 1.14
- 8 Event Book modules: 2.28
- 9 Event Book quality: 1.52
- 10 Compliance: 2.28
- 11 Game census: 1.14
- 12 Reporting & adaptive m/ment: 1.14
- 13 Law enforcement: 1.14
- 14 Human Wildlife Conflict: 1.14
- 15 Harnessing management: 1.14
- 16 Sources of NR income: 1.14
- 17 Benefits produced: 1.14
- 18 Resource trends: 1.14
- 19 Resource targets: 1.14

**Wildlife status summary in 2016**

- Extinct: 0
- Very rare: 0
- Rare: 0
- Uncommon: N$ 37,340
- Common: N$ 520,300
- Abundant: N$ 0

**Wildlife status**

- Extinct
- Very rare
- Rare
- Uncommon
- Common
- Abundant

**Success/threat flags**

- Success/ benefit created
- Weakness/ action needed

**Traps and firearms recovered**

- Firearms recovered
- Traps/snares recovered

**Number of incidents per year**

- Commercial poaching is a serious threat to conservancy benefits.

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**Wildlife status summary**

- Extinct
- Very rare
- Rare
- Uncommon
- Common
- Abundant

**Key to the status barometer**

- Weak/bad
- Reasonable
- Good

**Conservancies reduce environmental costs while increasing environmental returns.**

**Conservancy**

- Employment: N$ 520,300
- Private Sector: N$ 520,300
- Employment: N$ 520,300
- Private Sector: N$ 520,300

**Human wildlife conflict**

- Human wildlife conflict trend
- The chart shows the total number of incidents each year, subdivided by species, grouped as herbivores and predators.

- Most troublesome species 2014-2016
- The most troublesome species in 2016 are on the left.
- The least troublesome species in 2016 are on the right.

- Type of damage by problem animals 2014-2016
- The chart shows the number of incidents per category for the last 3 years.
- The darkest bar (on the right) indicates the current year for each type.

- arrests and convictions:

- 19 Resource targets: 2.28

- Wildlife status summary in 2016
- Wildlife status
- Extinct
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- Success/ benefit created
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monitoring numbers and trends for a healthy conservancy...

**Current wildlife numbers and status**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Animals Seen 2016</th>
<th>Estimated population range</th>
<th>Wildlife Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Count Trend</td>
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<td>National Guideline</td>
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<td>Desired Status</td>
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<td>Elephant</td>
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<td>Gemsbok</td>
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<td>Klipspringer</td>
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<td>Kudu</td>
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<td>Mtn. zebra</td>
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<td>Ostrich</td>
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<td>Springbok</td>
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<td>Steenbok</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Wildlife introductions**

**Wildlife mortalities**

**Annual rainfall**

**Locally rare species**

Some wildlife can cause conflicts, but all wildlife is of value to tourism, trophy hunting and a healthy environment.

By using all the available information and adapting and improving activities, threats such as human wildlife conflict, poaching and other issues can be minimised.