maximising wildlife returns by minimising threats...

Conservancy status summary

Returns from natural resources in 2014
the chart shows the main sources of returns and values their percentage of the total returns

- Combined tourism returns
- Combined hunting returns
- Veld product returns
- Other returns (e.g. interest)

Two of the most significant returns for the conservancy:
- cash income to the conservancy to cover running costs
- employment to conservancy residents

Cost of natural resource conflicts in 2014
estimates are based on average national values

- Estimated human wildlife conflict cost
- Estimated poached high value species loss
- Total conflict cost estimate

Natural resource cost–return ratio in 2014
the chart shows the approximate ratio of returns to costs

Management performance in 2014

- Category Performance
  - Score
  - Adequate staffing
  - Adequate expenditure
  - Audit attendance
  - NR management plan
  - Zonation
  - Leadership
  - Display of material
  - Event Book modules
  - Event Book quality
  - Compliance
  - Game census
  - Reporting & adaptive m/ment
  - Law enforcement
  - Human Wildlife Conflict
  - Harvesting management
  - Sources of NR income
  - Benefits produced
  - Resource trends

Wildlife status summary in 2014

- Category
  - Extinct
  - Very rare
  - Rare
  - Uncommon
  - Common
  - Abundant

Key to the status barometer

Success/threat flags
- success/ benefit created
- weakness/ action needed

Conservancies reduce environmental costs while increasing environmental returns. Returns from wildlife can far outweigh human wildlife conflict costs.
monitoring numbers and trends for a healthy conservancy...

Current wildlife numbers and status

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Animals Seen 2014</th>
<th>Estimated population range</th>
<th>Wildlife Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Duiker</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Count Trend National Guideline Desired Number</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elephant</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gemsbok</td>
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<td>Giraffe</td>
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<td>Jackal</td>
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<td>Klipspringer</td>
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<td>Kudu</td>
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<td>Mtn. zebra</td>
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<td>Ostrich</td>
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<td>Springbok</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Wildlife Status

- Count trend – gives the species status in the conservancy based on game count trend data.
- National guideline – gives the species status in the conservancy using national guidelines for the conservancy; for example, lions may cause local problems, but are of high value and are rare at landscape level.
- Desired number – gives the species status in the conservancy based on what the conservancy would like to have.
  - dark green (abundant) – there should be less;
  - light green (common) – the desired number is reached;
  - yellow (uncommon) – there should be more;
  - light orange (rare) – there should be more than double;
  - dark orange (very rare) – there should be more than triple;
  - red (extinct) – the species needs to be reintroduced.

Wildlife introductions

Predator monitoring charts show the average number of animals seen per Event Book each year. Status barometers reflect the general sightings trend over the last 5 years.

Wildlife mortalities

Annual game count: currently not done

Locally rare species

Not all data or species are shown on this report; use your Event Book for more information.

Wildlife provides a wide range of benefits. Some wildlife can cause conflicts, but all wildlife is of value to tourism, trophy hunting and a healthy environment.

By using all the available information and adapting and improving activities, threats such as human wildlife conflict, poaching and other issues can be minimised.
Enabling wise conservancy governance…

Conservancy statistics

Date Registered: March 2011
Members: 300
Size (square kilometres): 3217

Conservancy Governance

Number of management committee members: 9
Date of last AGM: 30 September 2014
Attendance at AGM: Men: ; Women:
Date of next AGM: 30 September 2015

Other important issues
Financial report approved? 
Budget approved? 
Work plan approved?

Employment

Conservancy staff: Male 0 
Female 0
Community game guards: 0
Community resource monitors: 0
Lodge staff: Male 0 
Female 0

Conservancy Self Evaluation How well does the conservancy consider it has performed in the past year?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effectiveness of implementation</th>
<th>Poor</th>
<th>Fair</th>
<th>Good</th>
<th>Explanation of effectiveness rating</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Game Utilisation and Management Plan</td>
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<td>Zonation Plan</td>
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<td>Natural Resource Plan</td>
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<td>Human Wildlife Conflict Plan</td>
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<td>Not all communities are affected.</td>
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<td>Tourism Plan</td>
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<td>Sustainable Financial Plan</td>
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<td>Benefit Distribution Plan</td>
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<td>Staff Plan</td>
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<td>Assets Plan</td>
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<td>HIV/AIDS Plan</td>
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<td>Communication Plan</td>
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